

# Antisociality and psychopathy: do their faces reflect their emotional experiences when recalling personal memories?

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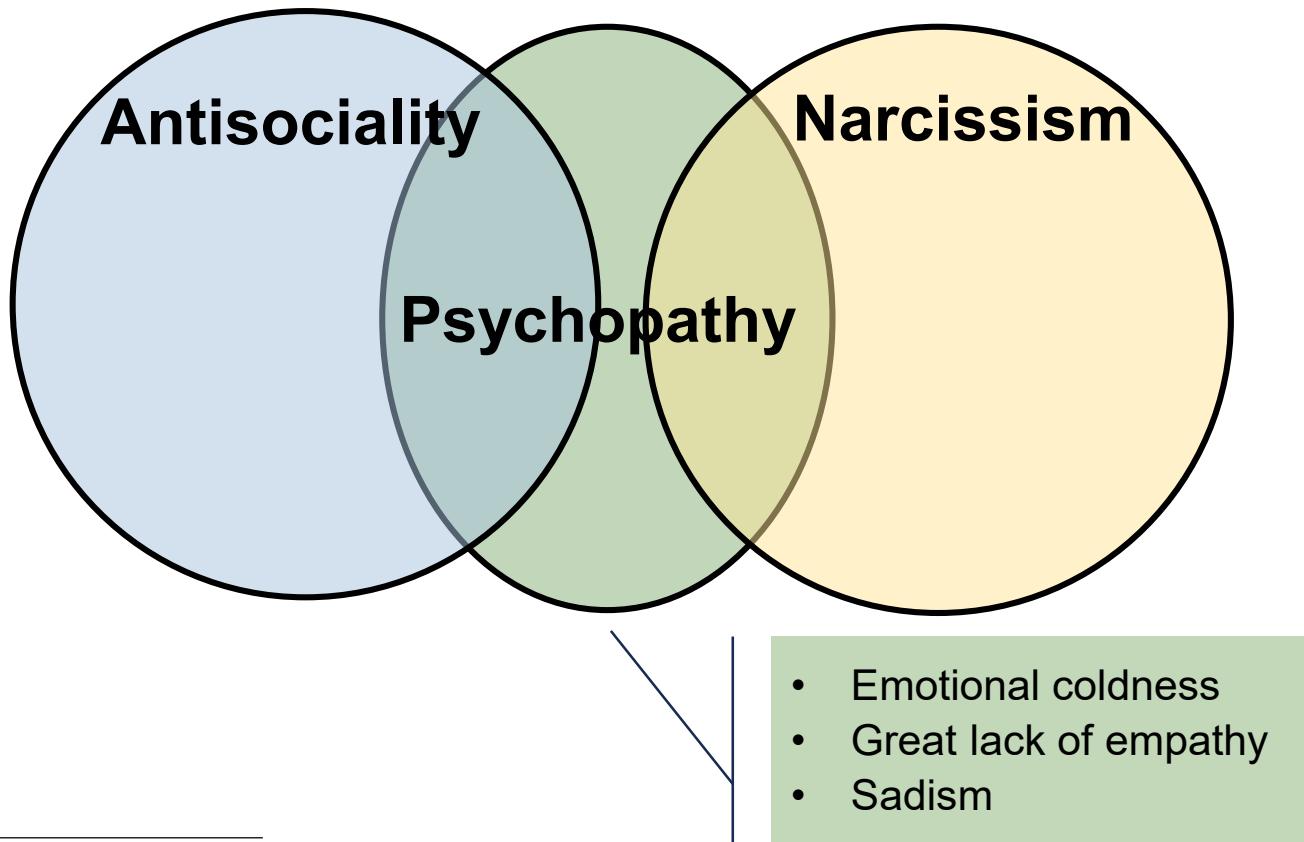
# ANTISOCIAL PERSONALITY DISORDER (ASPD)

- Failure to conform to social norms
- Deceitfulness
- Impulsivity
- Irritability and aggressiveness
- Reckless disregard for safety of self or others
- Consistent irresponsibility
- Lack of remorse



50 - 80% in prison  
38 - 56% in forensic population

# PSYCHOPATHIC PERSONALITY DISORDER (PPD)

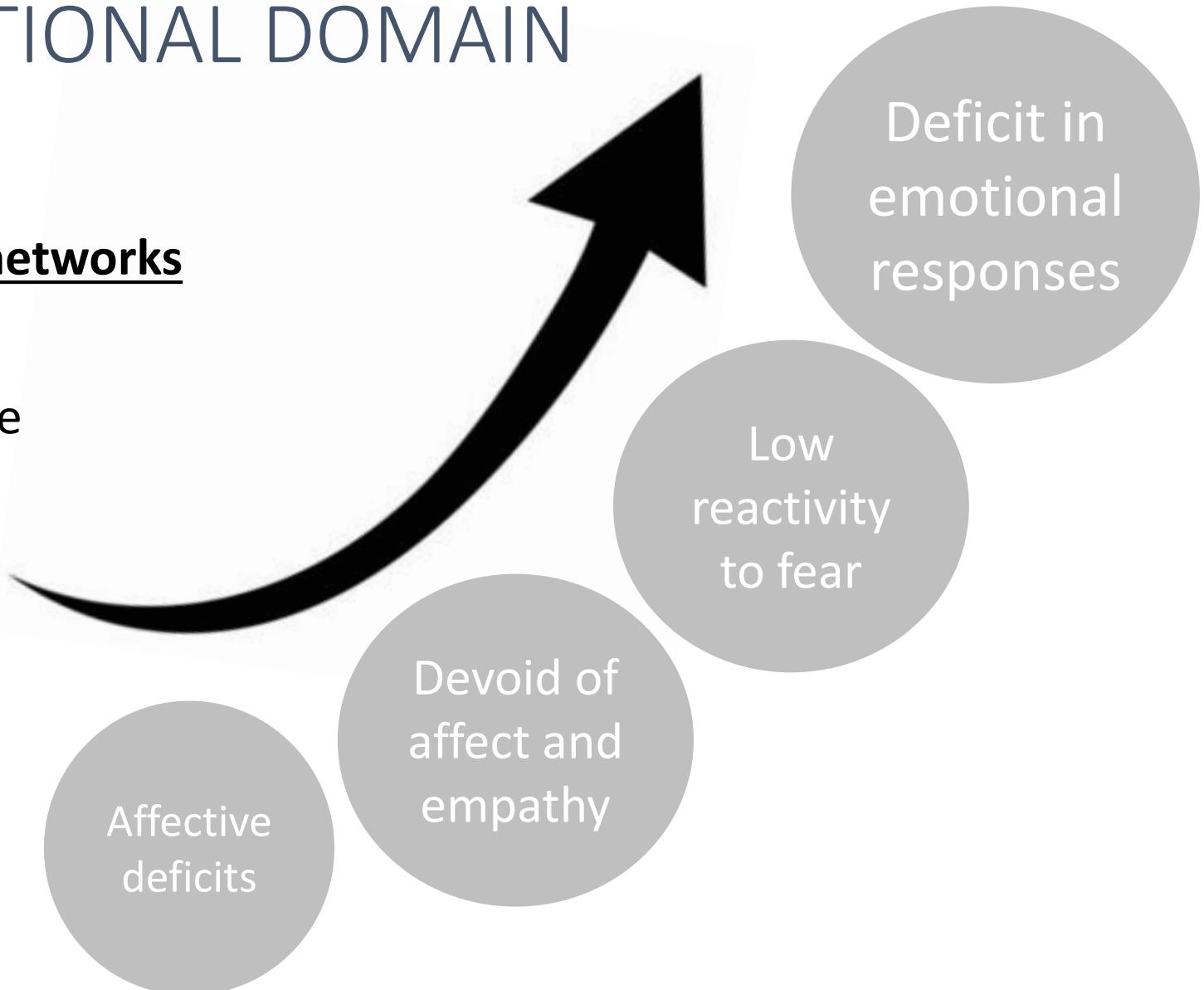


>1% in general population  
5-10% in forensic population

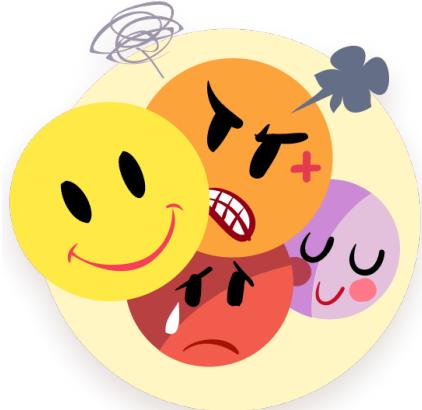
# EMOTIONAL DOMAIN

## Interpersonal relationship/social networks

- The skill to identify and interpret the emotions
- The facial expressions



# EMOTIONAL FACIAL EXPRESSIONS (EFE)



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(de Wied et al., 2012; Fanti et al., 2017; Hagenmuller et al., 2012; Jütten, 2012; Lavallee et al., 2022; Schönenberg et al., 2014 ; Smeijers et al., 2017; Steuerwald et al., 2017)

# EMOTIONAL FACIAL EXPRESSIONS (EFE)



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# EMOTIONAL FACIAL EXPRESSIONS (EFE)



## ASPD

More angry EFE  
(hostile attribution bias)

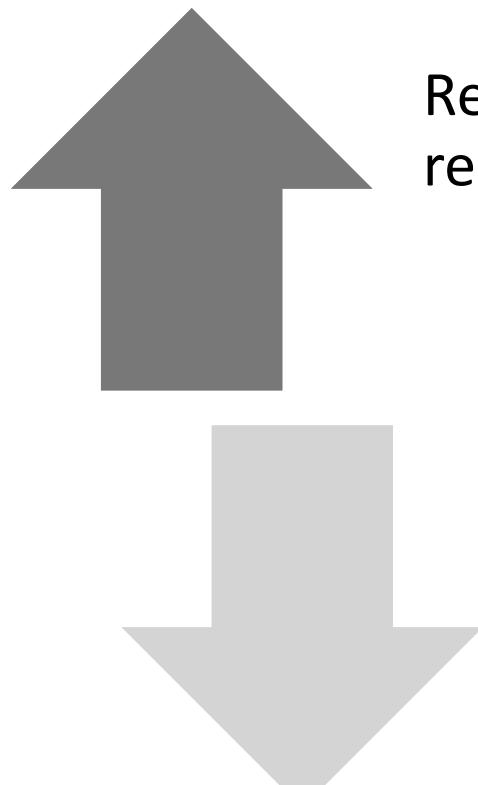
## PPD

Less angry EFE

Deficit in EFE imitation (yawning and laughter)

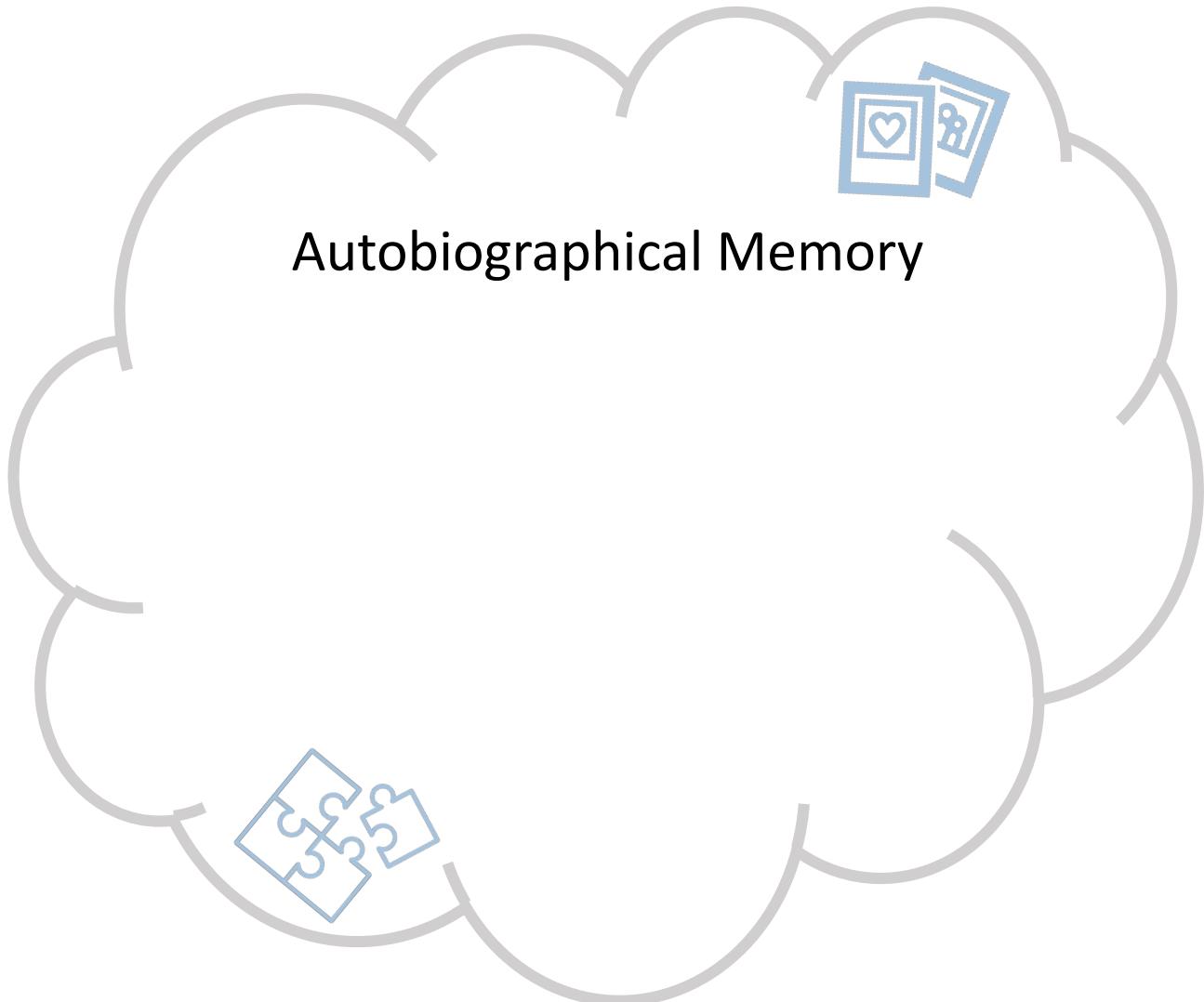
Few EFE react to emotional stimuli

# ISSUE



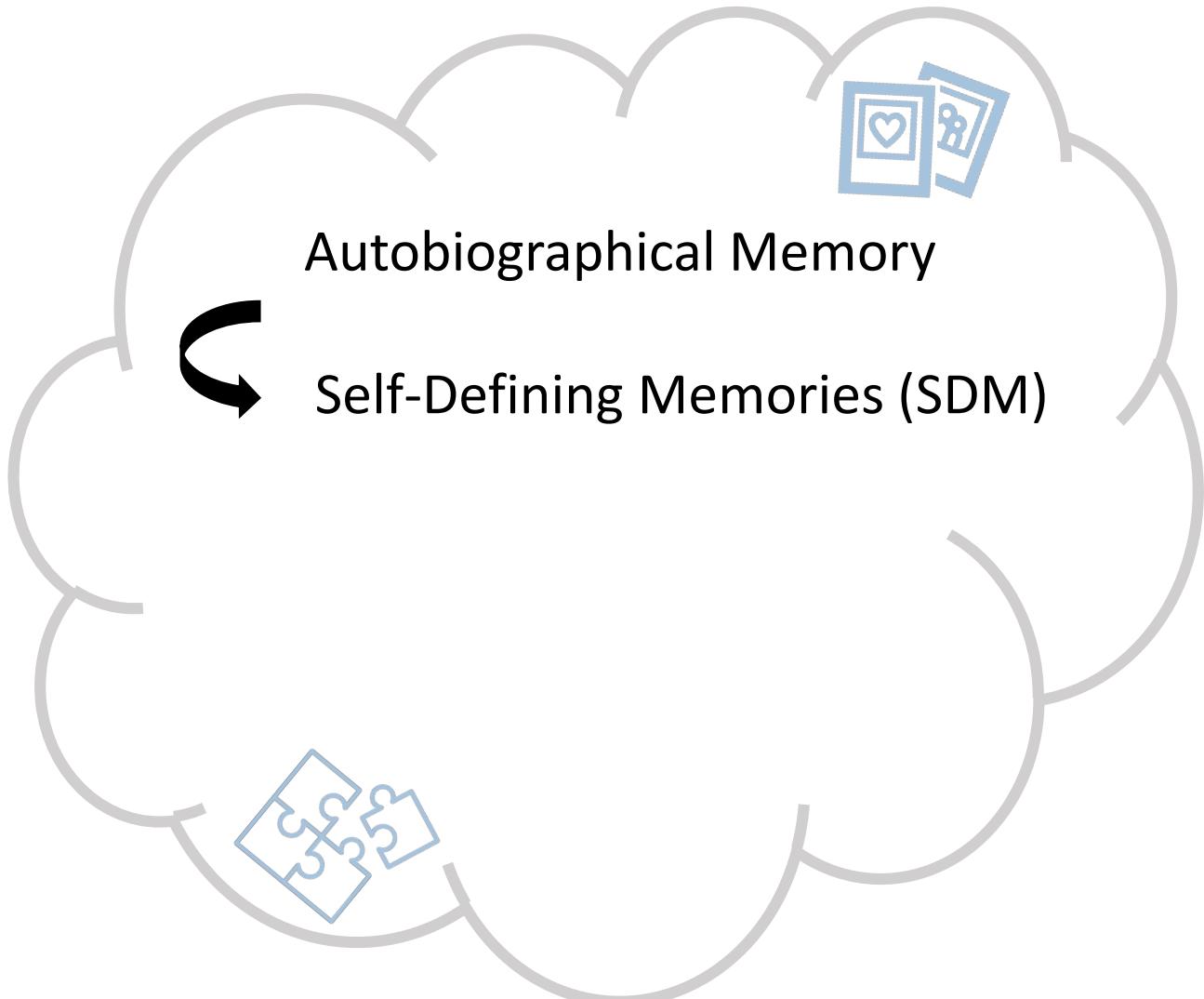
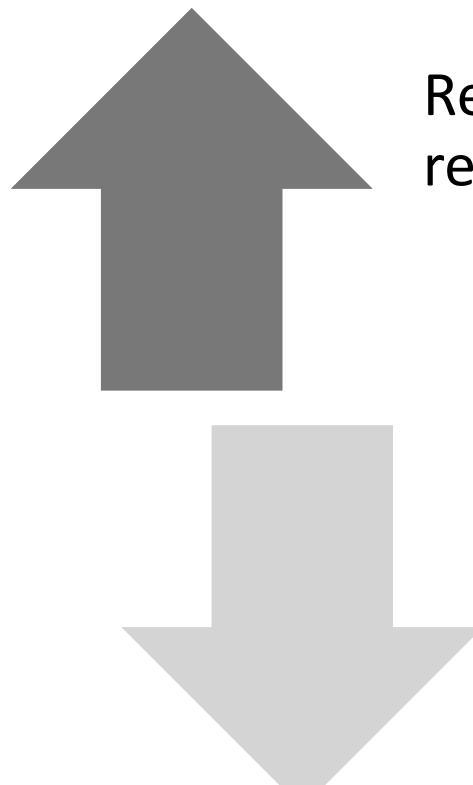
Reduced emotional response capacity?

Important lack of motivation?

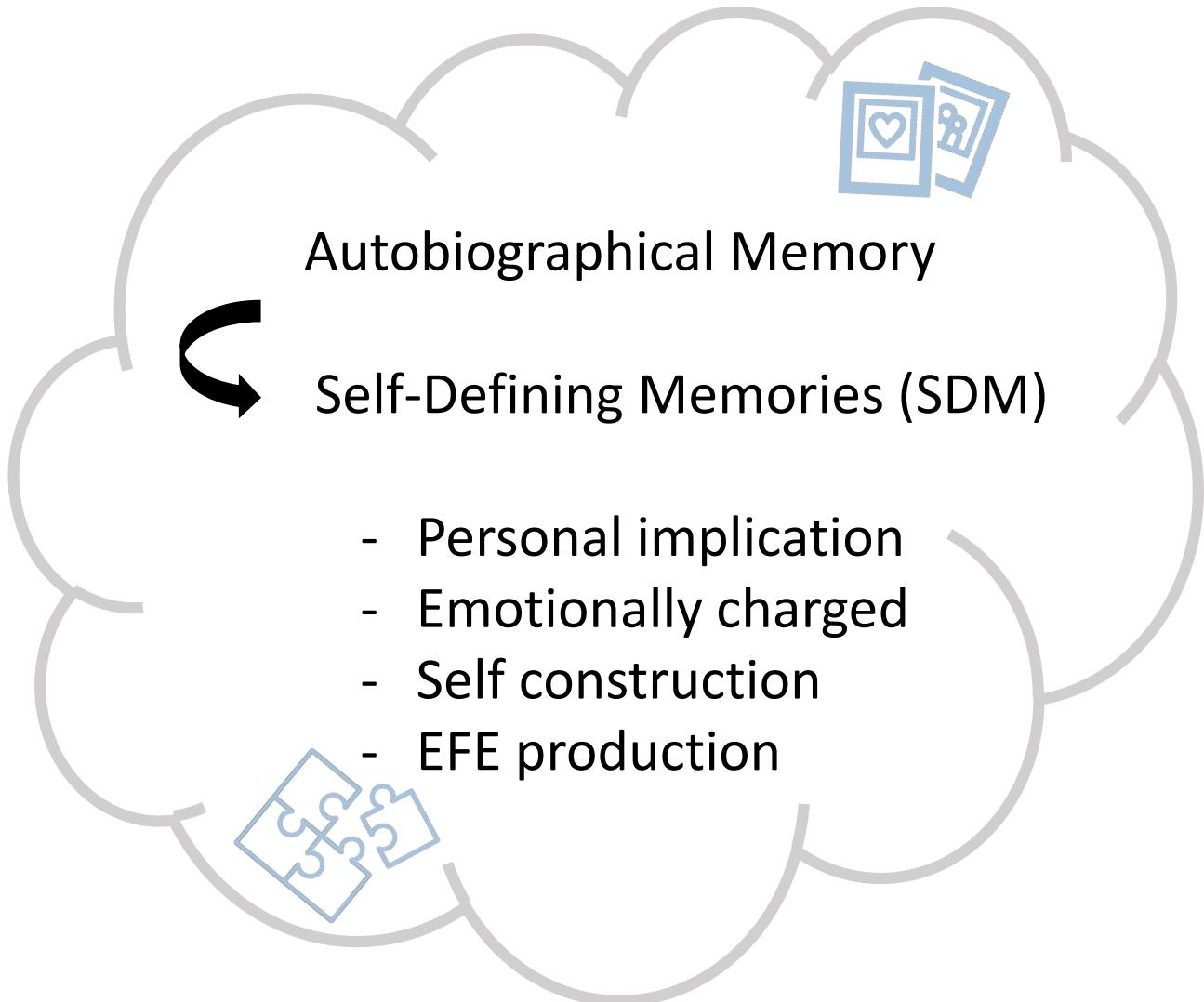
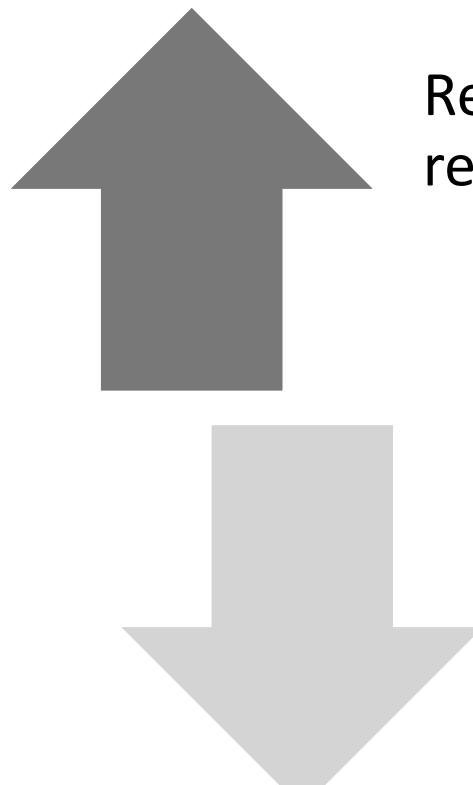


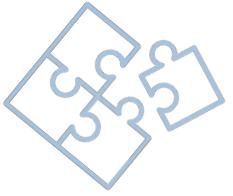
Autobiographical Memory

# ISSUE



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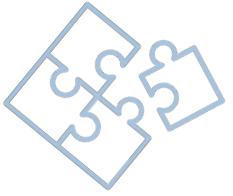




# OBJECTIVE

Analyze the **EFEs** of people with **ASPD with/without PPD**, in comparison with control people, during the retrieval of autobiographical memories, namely **SDMs**.





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Analyze the EFEs of people with ASPD with/without PPD, in comparison with control people, during the retrieval of autobiographical memories, namely SDMs.

## Main hypothesis:

- People with ASPD: MORE angry EFEs
- People with PPD: MORE emotional neutrality



# PARTICIPANTS

**74 participants.**

Including 50 hospitalized under the law of May 5, 2014 relating to the internment of persons



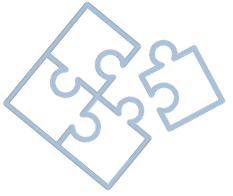
	ASPD	PPD	FC	GC
Mean age (years) (SD)	46,04 (15,47)	41,76 (12,10)	39,59 (13,13)	32,83 (10,47)
Mean level of education (years) (SD)	8,83 (2,94)	7,13 (1,96)	8,08 (1,84)	14,33 (2,58)
Mean duration of hospitalization (years) (SD)	9,62 (9,26)	7,89 (7,34)	6,06 (7,43)	

ASPD – Antisocial Personality Disorder

PPD – Psychopathic Personality Disorder

FC – Forensic Controls

GC – General population Controls



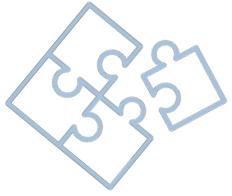
# METHOD

Using the SDM task  
**4 features**

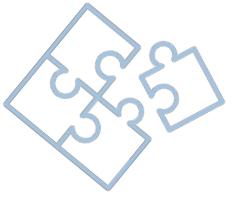
- Specificity
- Integration
- Valence
- Theme

EFE measurements with  
Facereader:  
**Emotional valence**

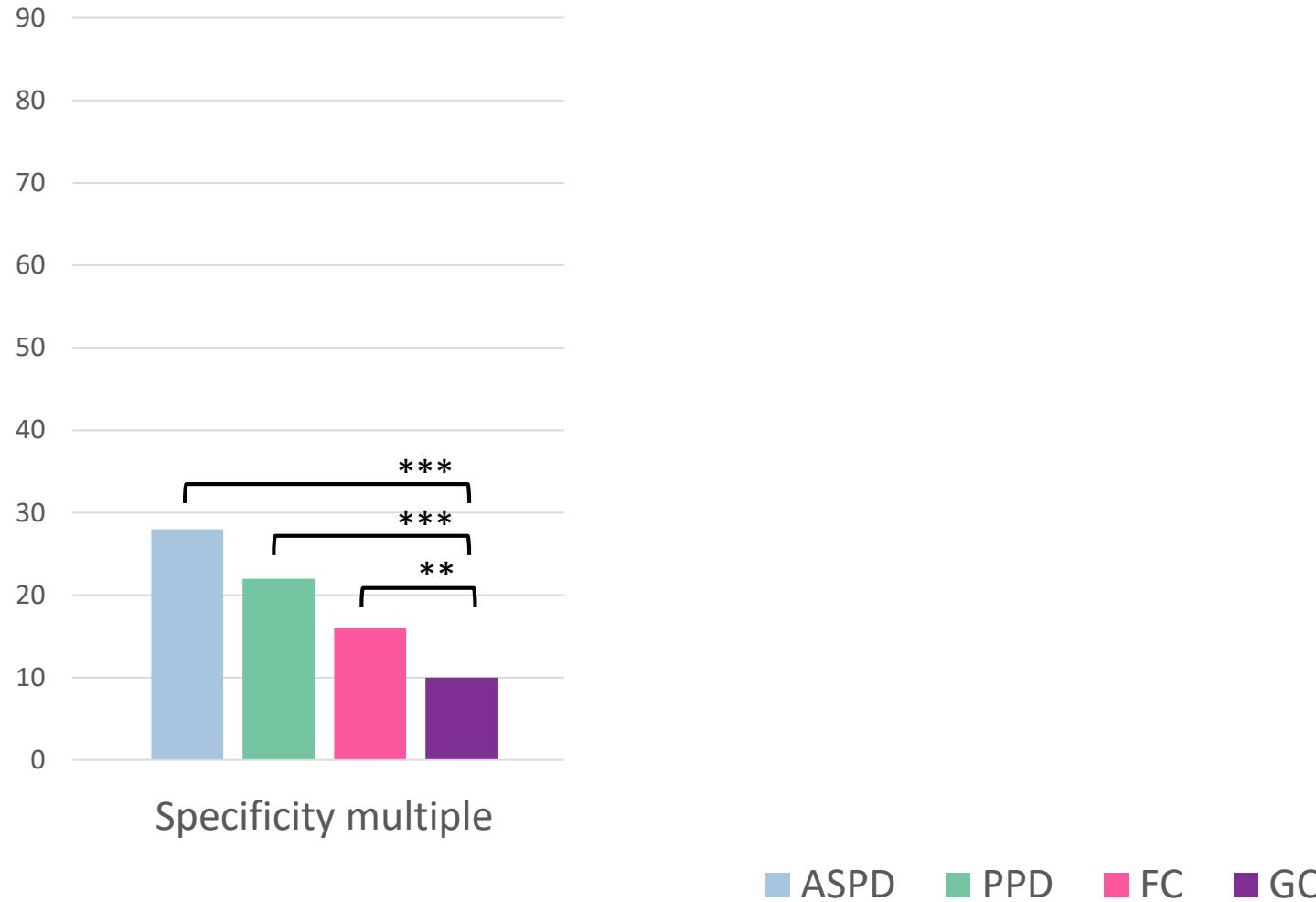
Neutral	Joy	Sadness
Anger	Fear	Disgust



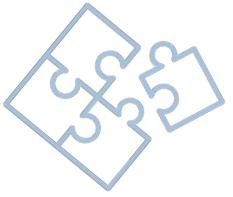
# RESULT 1: SDM CHARACTERISTICS



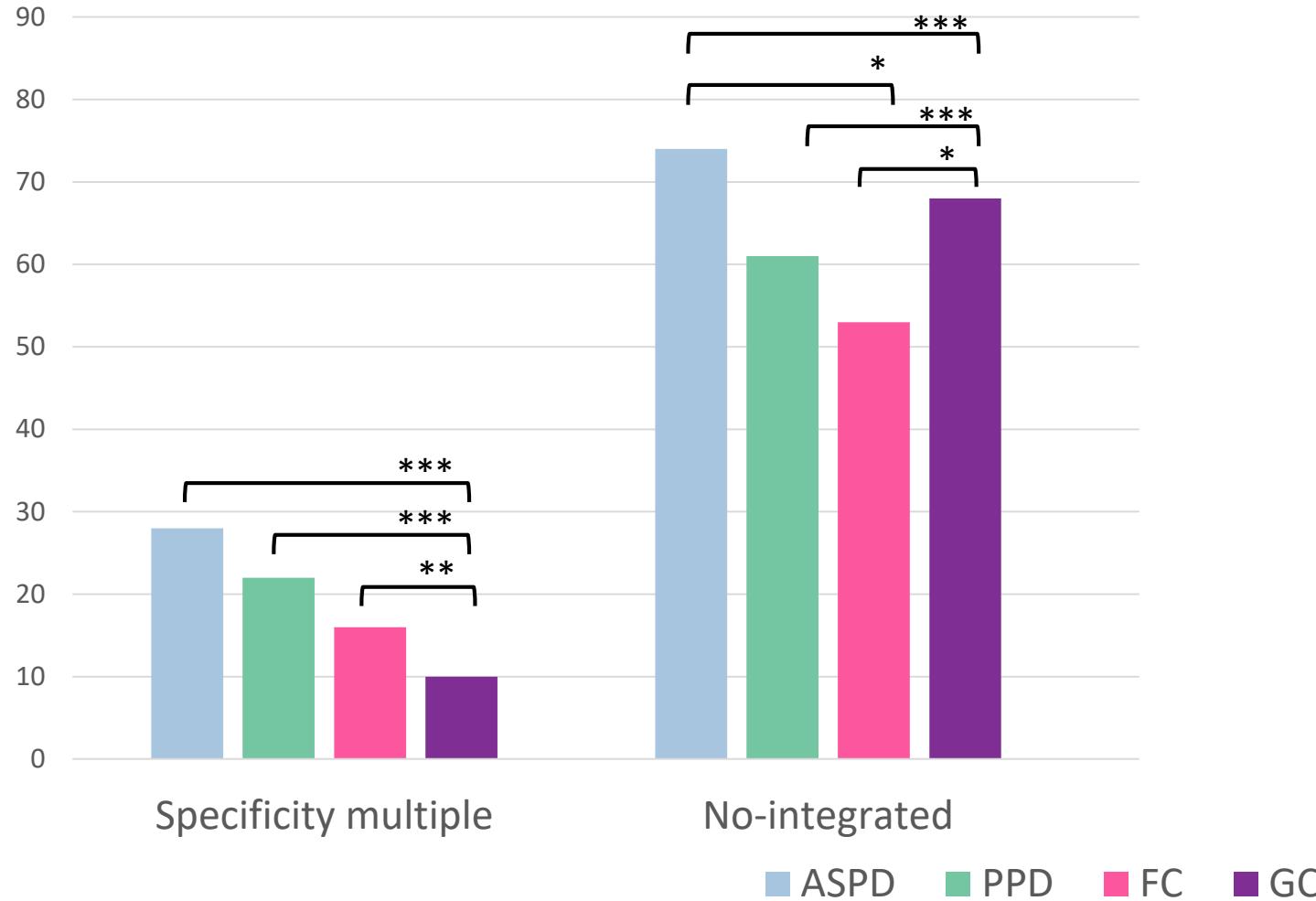
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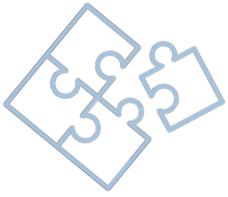
\*  $p < .05$ ; \*\*  $p < .01$ ; \*\*\*  $p < .001$



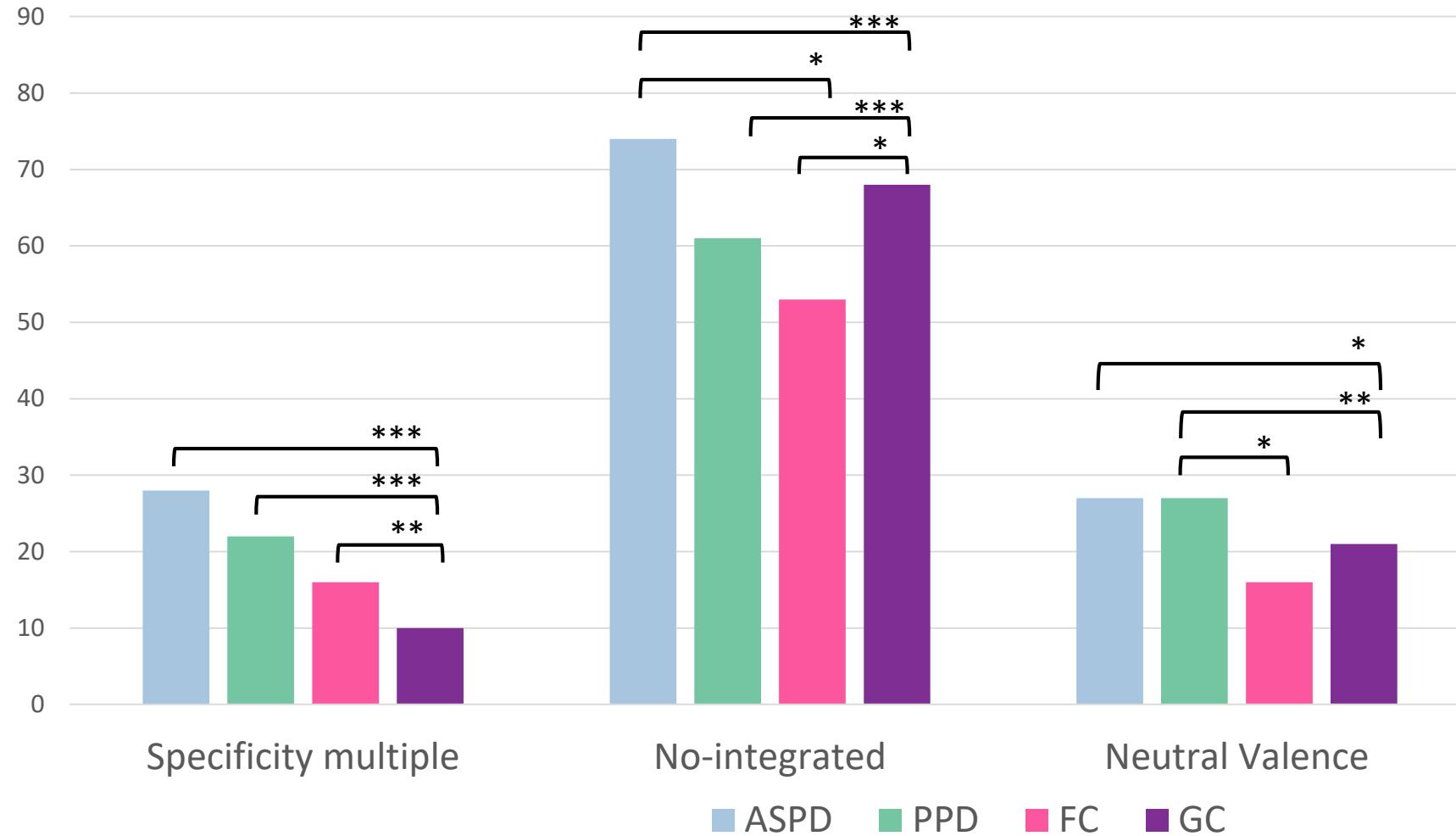
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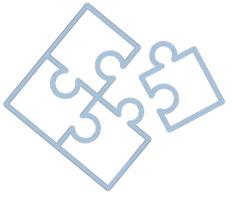
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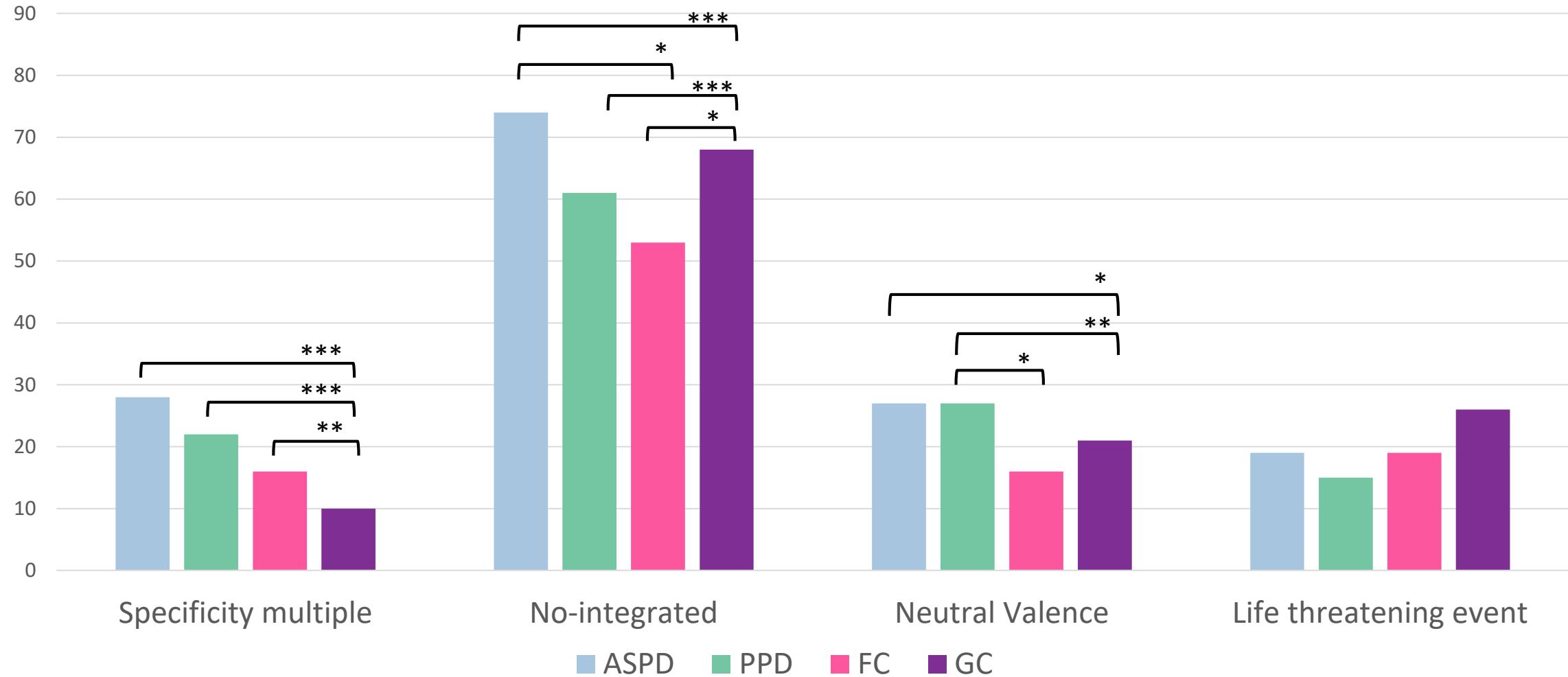
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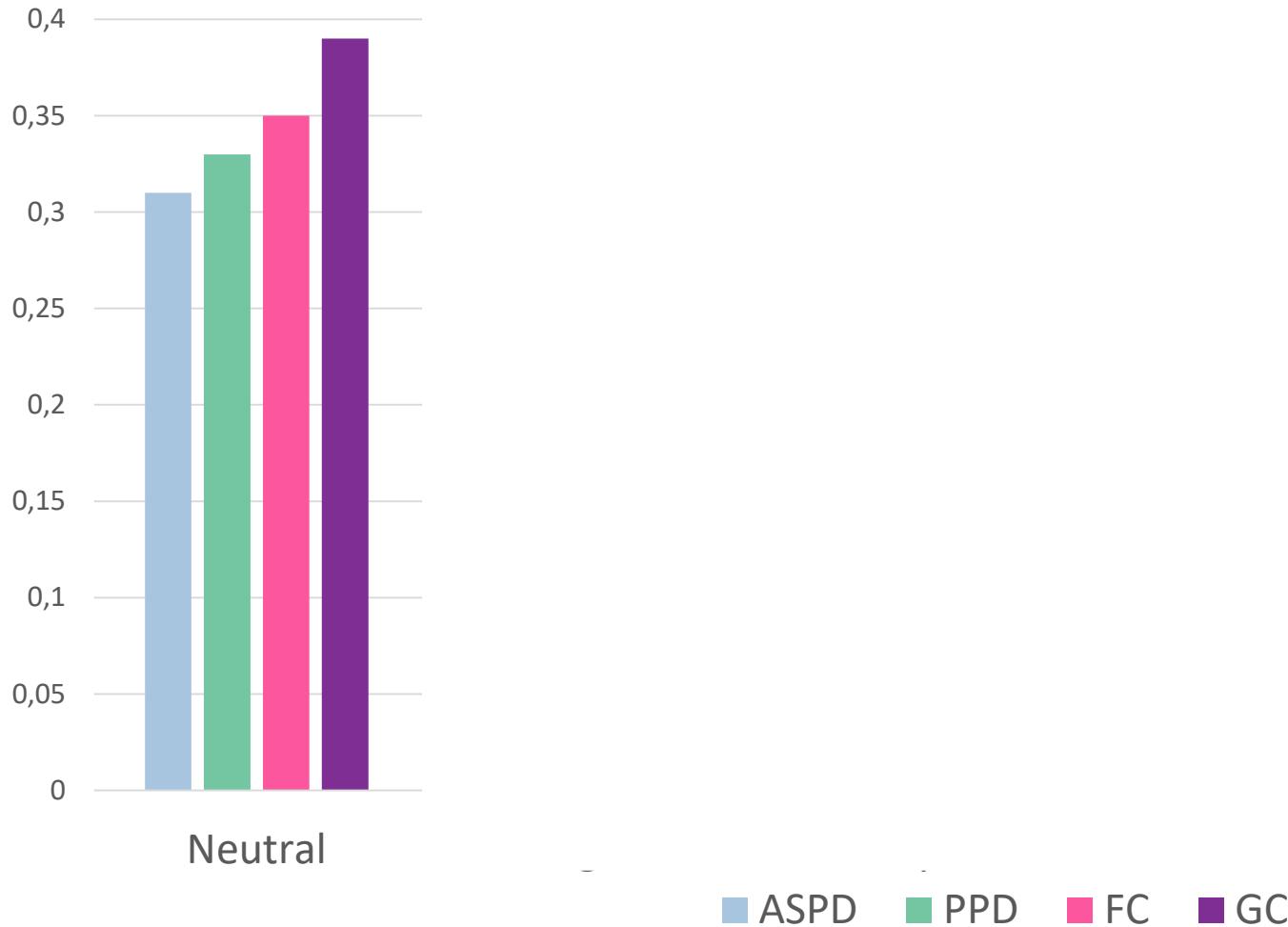
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## RESULT 2: EMOTIONAL FACIAL EXPRESSIONS



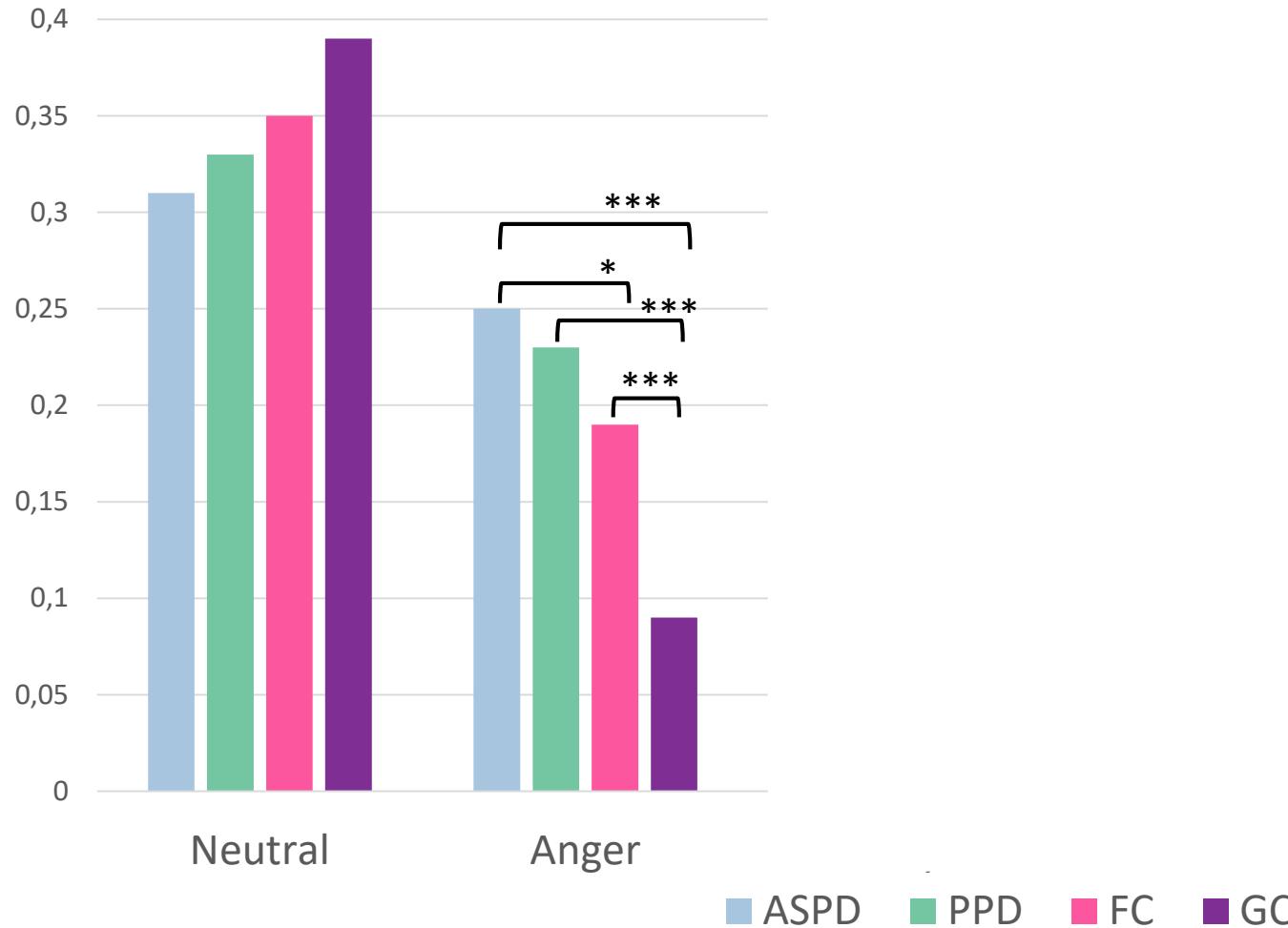
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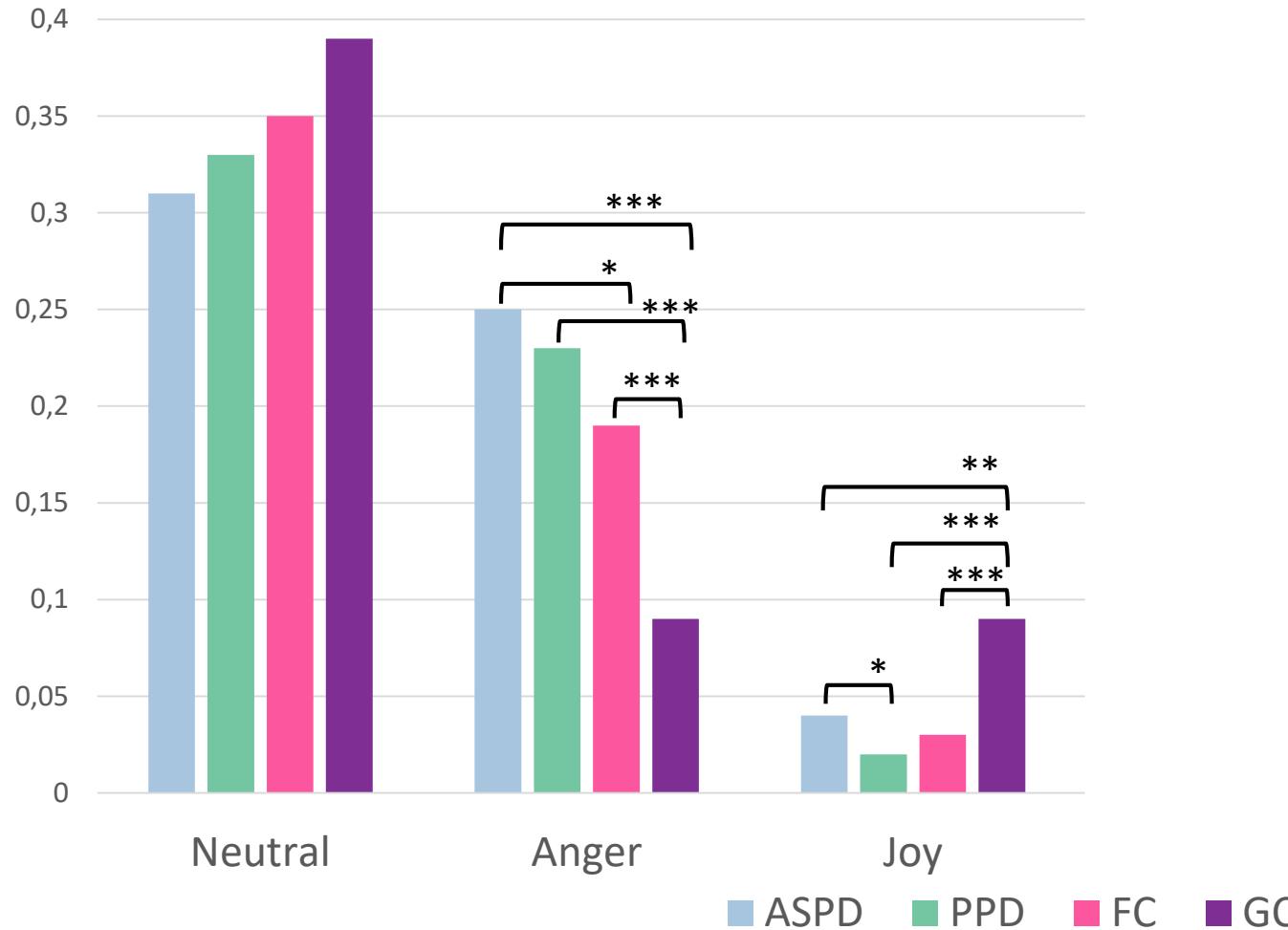
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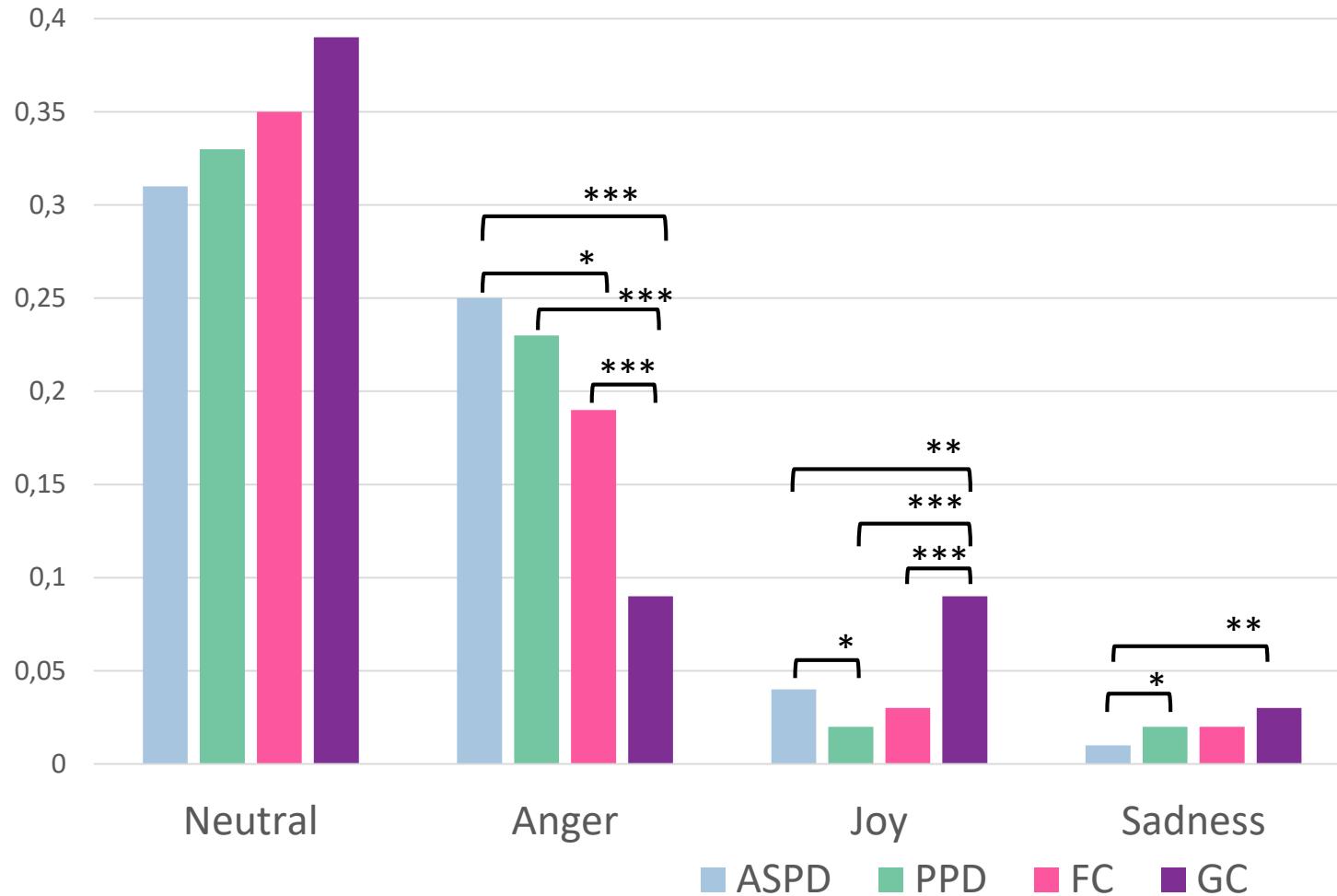
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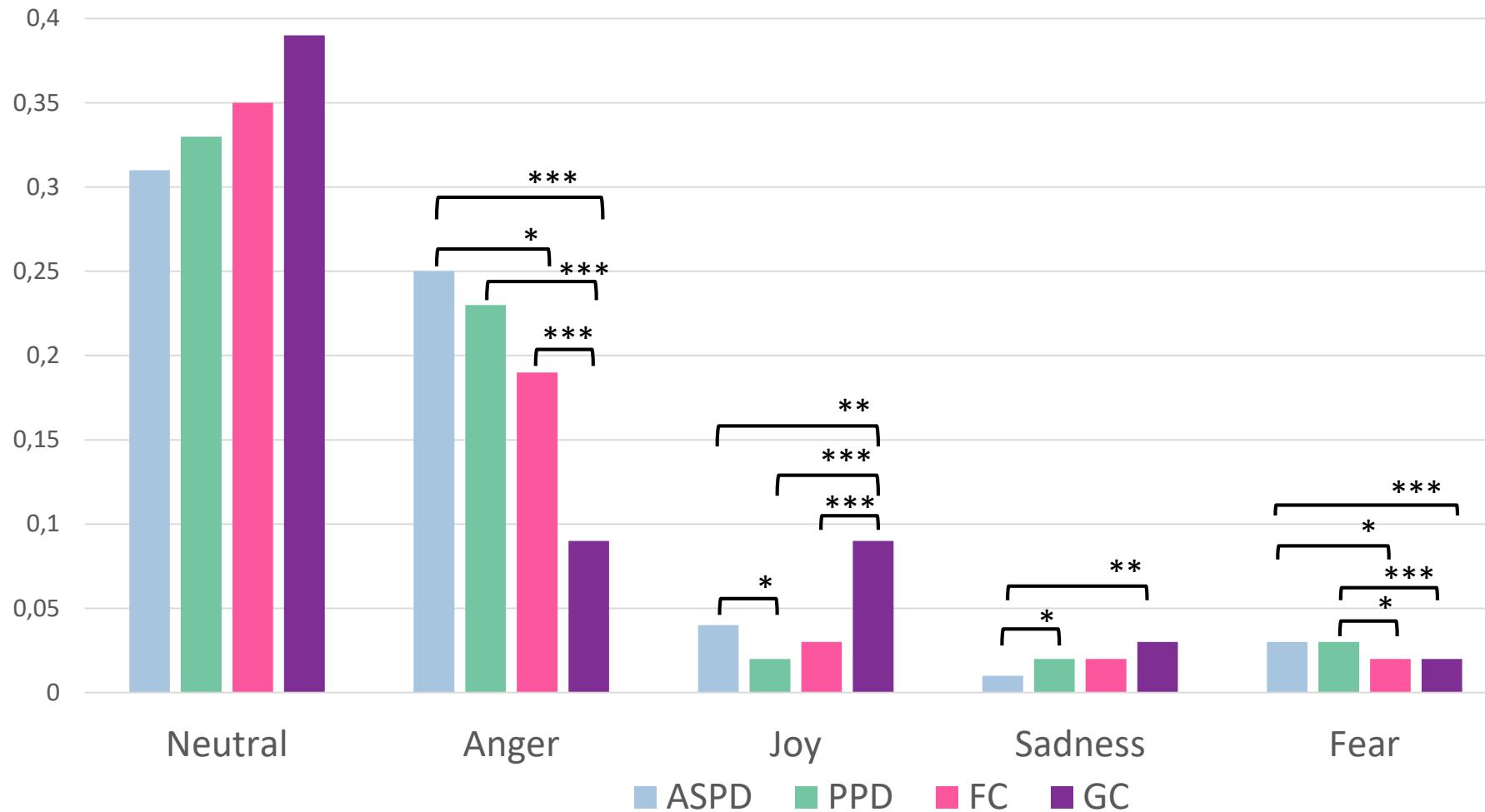
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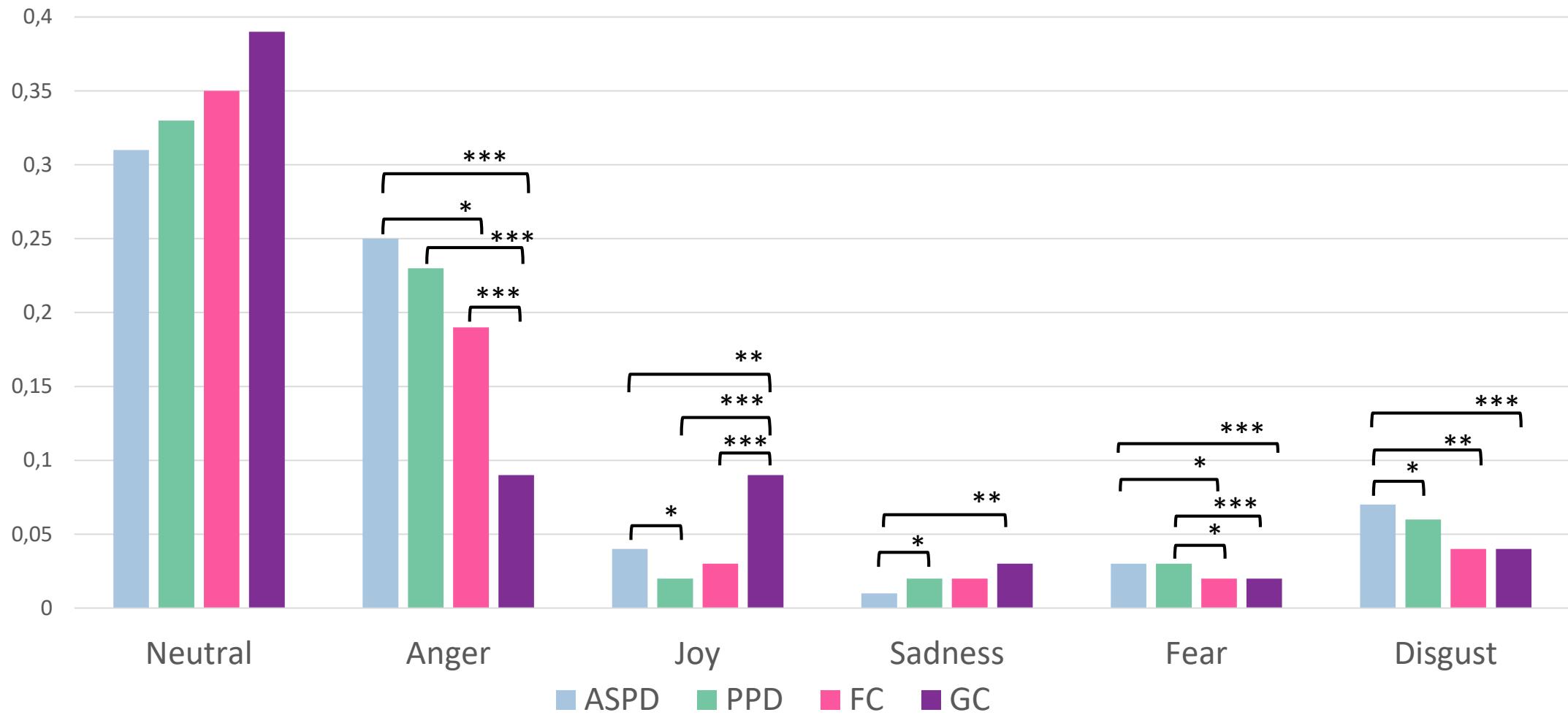
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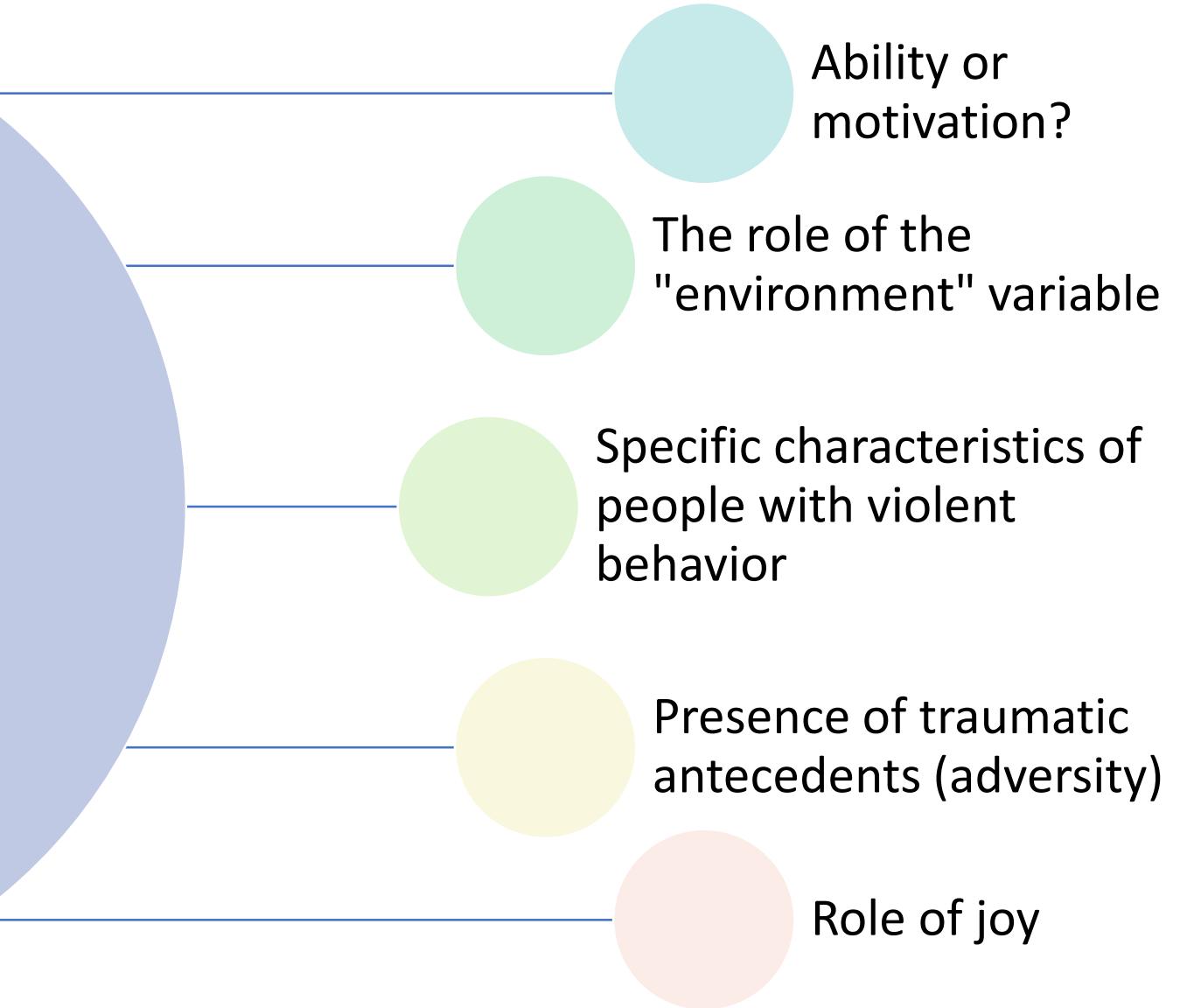
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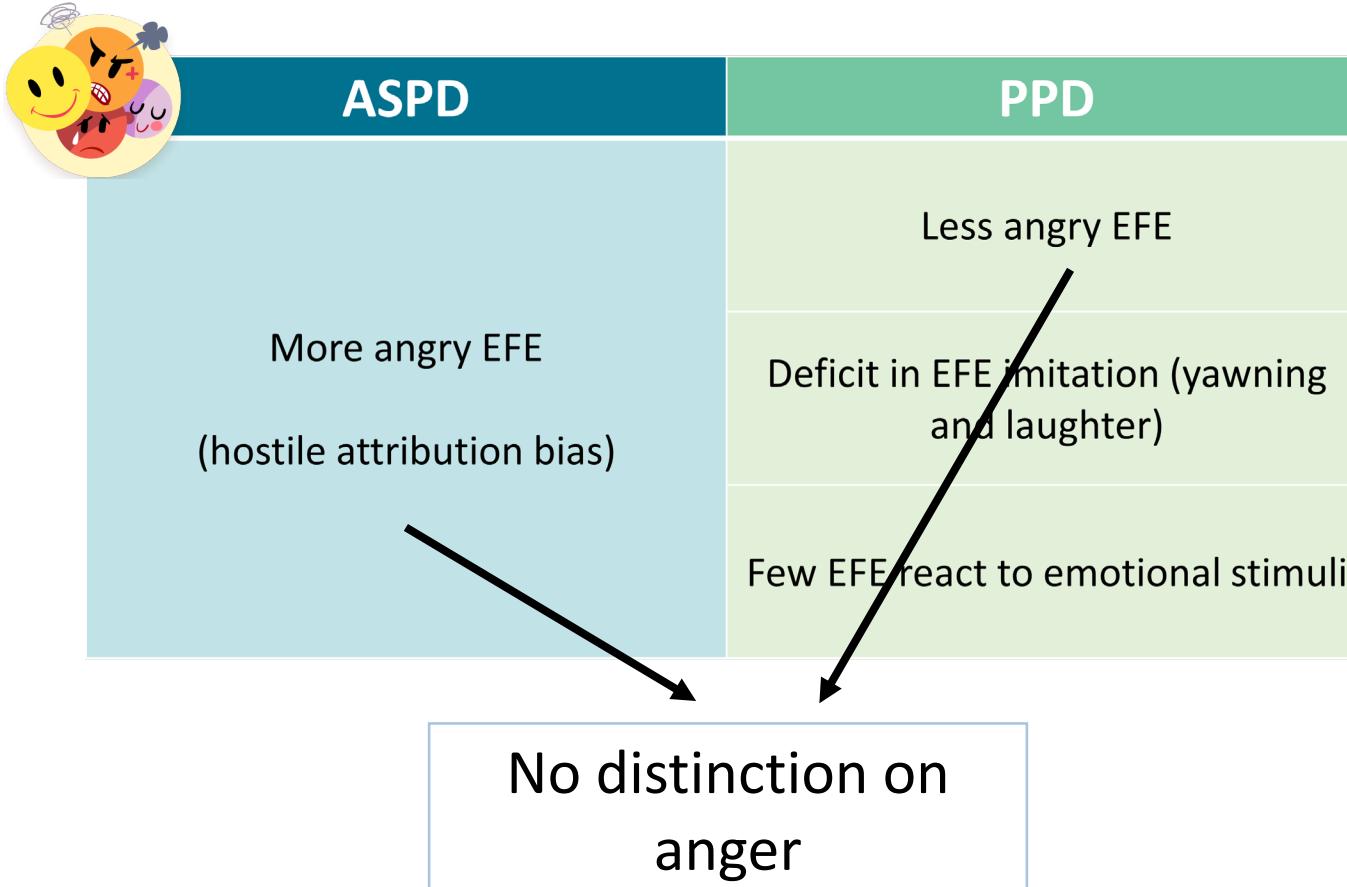
## RESULT 2: EMOTIONAL FACIAL EXPRESSIONS



# Discussion



# TAKE HOME MESSAGE



Importance of the Self-Defining Memories task



Thank you for your attention

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# APPENDIX 1: RESULT OF EFE ACCORDING TO SDM CHARACTERISTICS

	<i>EFE</i>	<b>ASPD</b>	<b>PPD</b>
<b>Specificity multiple</b>	<i>Joy</i>	<b>+ than TPP</b>	- than GC
	<i>Sadness</i>	- than FC	- than FC
		<i>FI express more sadness than GC</i>	
<b>No-integrated</b>	<i>Disgust</i>	<b>+ than PPD and FC</b>	
	<i>Sadness</i>	+ than FC	+ than FC
	<i>Anger</i>	<i>FC express more anger than the GC</i>	
<b>Neutral valence</b>	<i>Joy</i>	+ than FC	
	<i>Disgust</i>	<b>+ than PPD and FC</b> - than GC	
	<i>Anger</i>	+ than GC	- than GC
	<i>Fear</i>	+ than GC	+ than GC